Township of Bruce Macomb County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

Macomb County, Michigan

March 31, 2015

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Richard Cory	Supervisor
Susan Brockmann	Clerk
Deborah Obrecht	Treasurer
Mark Falker	Trustee
Paul Okoniewski	Trustee

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Township of Bruce Macomb County, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bruce (the Township) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Romeo, Washington, Bruce Parks and Recreation Commission or the Washington and Bruce Senior Transportation through Advanced Reservation Commission, which represent 16 percent, 41 percent, and 0 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the governmental activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for governmental activities, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bruce as of March 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Coloring

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

August 20, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2015

Financial Reporting

This discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this analysis, the following represents the most significant financial issues for the year ended March 31, 2015:

- The Township's net position in the governmental activities decreased by \$785,445 during the 2014-2015 fiscal year.
- Charges for services decreased approximately 15% in the governmental activities. This decrease is consistent with a decrease in the number of ambulance runs.

Using this Annual Report

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations of the Township in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2015

The Township maintains six (6) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Fire, and Advanced Life Support funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. The Romeo Service Contract, Improvement Revolving, and Special Assessment District funds are nonmajor governmental funds and are detailed in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet in the Other Supplementary Information section of the audit report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. The Township maintains two (2) proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses Enterprise Funds to account for its sewer system and water system activity.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-31 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, such as this Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules. Combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented as other supplementary information.

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, a comparative analysis of the net position as of March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2015.

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 4,404,669	\$ 4,673,510	\$ 129,886	\$ 280,435	\$ 4,534,555	\$ 4,953,945	
Capital assets	2,883,857	2,817,833	6,993,250	7,068,426	9,877,107	9,886,259	
Total assets	7,288,526	7,491,343	7,123,136	7,348,861	14,411,662	14,840,204	
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-	280,476	295,238	280,476	295,238	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	444,804	380,470	276,175	223,465	720,979	603,935	
Noncurrent liabilities	4,043,219	3,606,638	3,794,107	4,005,591	7,837,326	7,612,229	
Total liabilities	4,488,023	3,987,108	4,070,282	4,229,056	8,558,305	8,216,164	
Net position Net investment in							
capital assets	2,883,857	2,817,833	2,987,659	2,896,351	5,871,516	5,714,184	
Restricted	1,770,192	2,112,784	-	-	1,770,192	2,112,784	
Unrestricted	(1,853,546)	(1,426,382)	345,671	518,692	(1,507,875)	(907,690)	
Total net position	\$ 2,800,503	\$ 3,504,235	\$ 3,333,330	\$ 3,415,043	\$ 6,133,833	\$ 6,919,278	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2015

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Township's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$6,133,833 as of March 31, 2015. A portion of the Township's net position reflects its balance of unrestricted net position. These funds may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

An additional portion of the Township's net position (approximately 95%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Township used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Township's net position (approximately 31%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The Township's total change in net position was a decrease of \$785,445 during the current year as indicated below.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Government		
	2015	2014		2015	ritios	2014	2015	2014	
Revenue									
Program revenue									
Charges for services	\$ 1,126,569	\$ 1,331,367	\$	417,545	\$	340,355	\$ 1,544,114	\$ 1,671,722	
Operating grants and contributions	56,167	32,979		66,594		9,155	122,761	42,134	
Capital grants and contributions	11,907	13,509		-		-	11,907	13,509	
General revenue									
Property taxes	1,954,435	1,894,718		-		-	1,954,435	1,894,718	
State shared revenue	535,452	513,700		-		-	535,452	513,700	
Investment earnings	6,952	4,495		41,228		44,814	48,180	49,309	
Change in equity interest									
in joint ventures	-	25,955		-		-	-0-	25,955	
Miscellaneous	29,288	61,409		-		-	29,288	61,409	
Transfers		(26,562)				26,562	-0-	-0-	
Total revenue	3,720,770	3,851,570		525,367		420,886	4,246,137	4,272,456	
Program expenses									
General government	851,222	818,408		-		-	851,222	818,408	
Public safety	3,137,106	3,212,776		-		-	3,137,106	3,212,776	
Public works	388,681	260,784		-		-	388,681	260,784	
Recreation and culture	30,071	· -		-		-	30,071	-0-	
Health and welfare	17,422	29,986		-		-	17,422	29,986	
Sewer system	-	-		535,378		589,983	535,378	589,983	
Water system			_	71,702		86,735	71,702	86,735	
Total program expenses	4,424,502	4,321,954	_	607,080		676,718	5,031,582	4,998,672	
Change in net position	\$ (703,732)	\$ (470,384)	\$	(81,713)	\$	(255,832)	\$ (785,445)	\$ (726,216)	

Governmental Activities

The net position of the Township's governmental activities decreased \$703,732 during fiscal year 2015. The Township incurred governmental expenses of \$4,424,502 during fiscal year 2015, an increase of approximately 2% over fiscal year 2014. The Township's decrease in net position was \$125,823 more than in fiscal year 2014 as a result of the Township's decline in ambulance runs and increase in public works projects. This decrease in net position is a trend the Township has slowly been attempting to correct as new ways to obtain revenue or cut expenses without losing service are being continually analyzed. A key element related to the change in net position is the public safety expenses which is approximately 71% of the total expenses and includes fire and ambulance services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2015

Business-type Activities

The net position of the Township's business-type activities decreased \$148,307 during fiscal year 2015. Although the total expenses decreased approximately 10% and revenues increased approximately 25%, the business-type activities decreased overall as the expenses continue to be more than the revenue. The majority of the revenue is generated through charges for services, which makes up approximately 79% of the total business-type activities revenue.

The Township's Funds

Governmental Funds. The analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 3, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the governmental funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township's Board of Trustees creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes. The Township's major governmental funds for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, were the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Advanced Life Support Fund. The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental operating services. The most significant service provided within the General Fund during the fiscal year was for general government, which incurred expenditures of \$568,509 for the fiscal year.

The Fire Fund and Advanced Life Support Fund are used to account for fire and ambulance services and are funded with special millages. The funds incurred total expenditures of \$2,777,586 of which \$2,489,327 were for fire and ambulance services. The remainder expenditures were for capital outlay.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Sewer System and the Water System at the end of the year amounted to negative \$147,191 and a positive \$492,862, respectively. The decrease in net position for the Sewer System was \$69,692; while the decrease in net position for the Water System was \$12,021. Other significant factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Township's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, the Township's Board of Trustees revised the General Fund's budget several times. The Township began the year expecting no usage of fund balance. Even after all budget adjustments were made, the Township continued to anticipate no usage of fund balance although both the General Fund's budgeted revenues and expenditures were increased by a total of \$129,860 throughout the year. Actual expenditures came in approximately \$39,661 under the final budgeted amount adopted by the Township's Board of Trustees. Actual revenues were \$12,653 less than the final anticipated amount with the net change in fund balance being an increase of \$26,368, before GAAP-basis adjustments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had approximately \$9,877,1073 invested in a broad range of governmental and business-type capital assets, including buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, and utilities, net of accumulated depreciation. During the fiscal year 2015, the most significant capital asset additions were the purchase of an ambulance and a used transformer spreader. Further details related to the Township's capital assets can be found in Note G to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2015

Long-term Debt. The Township's long-term debt decreased by approximately \$180,863 during fiscal year 2015. This decrease was largely related to not obtaining any additional debt in the fiscal year, while making payments on the bonds currently outstanding. The carrying amount of the Townships obligation for compensated absences, included in the long-term debt, was \$182,232 at fiscal year end. Further details related to the Township's long-term debt can be found in Note H to the financial statements.

Current Economic Factors

Revenue sharing makes up a significant portion of the Township's budget. While this has leveled off, the Township has experienced a slight increase during the most last few budget cycles. A close watch will be maintained as the State of Michigan continues to investigate financial solutions.

Increases in property values have resulted in a slight increase in the property tax revenue for the Township. The trend of increases in property values and corresponding revenue is expected to continue as the Township has noticed significant new construction and building permits being obtained.

Also, the planning commission recently approved major development through the industrial corridor that has already entered the engineering approval phase, phase one (1) of the three (3) project phases. The Township expects to see significant growth in the industrial area as building permits, sewer and water revenue, taxable values, and employment appear to have been given a boost by the development that is already occurring.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township at 223 East Gates Street, Romeo, Michigan 48065.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,084,157	\$ 148,482	\$ 2,232,639
Current portion of receivables	236,678	136,197	372,875
Due from other governmental units	132,104	41,108	173,212
Internal balances	677,564	(677,564)	-0-
Prepaids	21,539		21,539
Total current assets	3,152,042	(351,777)	2,800,265
Noncurrent assets			
Internal balances	77,869	(77,869)	-0-
Noncurrent portion of receivables	21,520	559,532	581,052
Investment in Romeo, Washington, Bruce Parks	=00.44=		=00 44=
and Recreation Commission	799,415	-	799,415
Investment in Washington and Bruce Senior Transportation	252 022		252 022
through Advanced Reservation Commission	353,823	70.004	353,823 854,057
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	774,963 2,108,894	79,094 6,914,156	9,023,050
Capital assets being depreciated, fiet	2,100,094	0,914,130	9,023,030
Total noncurrent assets	4,136,484	7,474,913	11,611,397
TOTAL ASSETS	7,288,526	7,123,136	14,411,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charges, net of amortization	-	280,476	280,476
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	36,420	64,446	100,866
Accrued wages	85,692	245	85,937
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-0-
Due to other governmental units	73,839	-	73,839
Unearned revenue	127,812	-	127,812
Current portion of compensated absences	121,041	-	121,041
Current portion of long-term debt		211,484	211,484
Total current liabilities	444,804	276,175	720,979
Noncurrent liabilities			
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	61,191	-	61,191
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	-	3,794,107	3,794,107
Net other post-employment benefits obligation	3,982,028		3,982,028
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,043,219	3,794,107	7,837,326
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,488,023	4,070,282	8,558,305
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,883,857	2,987,659	5,871,516
Restricted	2,000,007	2,301,009	5,071,510
Capital projects	207,686	_	207,686
Public safety	1,562,506	<u>-</u>	1,562,506
Unrestricted	(1,853,546)	345,671	(1,507,875)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,800,503	\$ 3,333,330	\$ 6,133,833

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended March 31, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues** Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type Functions/Programs Services Contributions Activities Activities Expenses Contributions Total Governmental activities 851,222 315,296 (535,926)General government \$ \$ (535,926)(2,326,004)Public safety 3.137.106 811.102 (2.326.004)Public works 11,907 (320,436)(320,436)388,681 171 56,167 Recreation and culture 30,071 (30,071)(30,071)(17,422)Health and welfare 17,422 (17,422)-0-(3,229,859)Total governmental activities 4,424,502 1.126.569 56,167 11,907 (3,229,859)Business-type activities Sewer system 535,378 387,137 66,594 (81,647)(81,647)71,702 30,408 (41,294)(41,294)Water system Total business-type activities 607,080 417,545 66,594 -0--0-(122,941)(122,941)Total government 122,761 (3,229,859)(122,941)\$ 5,031,582 \$ 1,544,114 11,907 (3,352,800)General revenues Property taxes 1,954,435 1,954,435 State shared revenues 535,452 535,452 Investment earnings 6,952 41,228 48,180 29,288 Miscellaneous 29,288 Total general revenues 2,526,127 41,228 2,567,355 (703,732)(81,713)Change in net position (785,445)3,504,235 3,415,043 6,919,278 Net position, beginning of the year

2,800,503

\$ 3,333,330

\$ 6,133,833

Net position, end of the year

Governmental Funds

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2015

	Fund	eneral Fire Fund Fund		Advanced Life Support Fund	
æ	250 520	æ	760 205	æ	804,574
Ф	330,33 <u>0</u>	Ф	700,393	Ф	004,574
	25.046		44 270		45,925
	•		•		43,923
			29,471		-3,207
					_
					_
			28 869		2,408
			20,000		2,400
			9.020		5,571
	0,0.10		0,020		5,51
\$	1,135,828	\$	880,025	\$	901,765
\$	14,975	\$	13,714	\$	7,731
	12,572		22,849		50,271
	2		2,407		-
	73,839		-		-
	5,500				122,312
	106,888		38,970		180,314
	12,644		-		-
	84,817		9,020		5,571
	, -				715,880
	222,236		-		, -
	709,243				
	1,016,296		841,055		721,451
\$	1,135,828	\$	880,025	\$	901,765
	\$	\$ 358,538 25,046 18,050 1,644 16,500 132,104 499,129 77,869 6,948 \$ 1,135,828 \$ 14,975 12,572 2 73,839 5,500 106,888 12,644 84,817 - 222,236 709,243 1,016,296	\$ 358,538 \$ 25,046 18,050 1,644 16,500 132,104 499,129 77,869 6,948 \$ 1,135,828 \$ \$ 14,975 12,572 2 73,839 5,500 106,888 12,644 84,817 222,236 709,243 1,016,296	\$ 358,538 \$ 768,395 25,046 44,270 18,050 29,471 1,644 - 16,500 - 132,104 - 499,129 28,869 77,869 - 6,948 9,020 \$ 1,135,828 \$ 880,025 \$ 14,975 \$ 13,714 12,572 22,849 2 2,407 73,839 - 5,500 - 106,888 38,970 12,644 - 84,817 9,020 84,817 9,020 832,035 222,236 - 709,243 - 1,016,296 841,055	\$ 358,538 \$ 768,395 \$ 25,046

	lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
\$	152,650	\$	2,084,157
	-		115,241
	-		90,808
	34,005		35,649
	-		16,500
	-		132,104
	205,000		735,406
	-		77,869
			21,539
\$	391,655	\$	3,309,273
\$		\$	26.420
Φ	-	Φ	36,420 85,692
	55,433		57,842
	-		73,839
			127,812
	55,433		381,605
	33,526		46,170
	_		99,408
	207,686		1,755,601
	123,399		345,635
	(28,389)		680,854
	302,696		2,881,498
			, ,
\$	391,655	\$	3,309,273

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 2,881,498

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Investments in joint ventures are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,153,238

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is

\$ 7,959,699 (5,075,842)

Capital assets, net

2,883,857

Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the funds. These consist of:

Unavailable revenue

46,170

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Compensated absences

Net other post-employment benefits obligation

(182,232)

(3,982,028)

(4,164,260)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 2,800,503

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

DEVENUE	General Fund	Fire Fund	Advanced Life Support Fund
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$ 484,3 79,2 591,6	- 00	\$ 956,569 - -
Charges for services Interest Other	104,9 1,8 29,3	129,934 43 1,872	686,179 1,138 173
TOTAL REVENUES	1,291,2	90 790,295	1,644,059
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government Public safety Public works	568,5 359,4	- 701,524	1,787,803 -
Other Capital outlay	277,4 26,2	-69	168,968
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,231,6	820,815	1,956,771
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	59,6	(30,520)	(312,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(26,4	- 11,958 -51)	91,607 (11,318)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(26,4	.51) 11,958	80,289
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	33,1	60 (18,562)	(232,423)
Fund balances, beginning of year	983,1	36 859,617	953,874
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,016,2	96 \$ 841,055	\$ 721,451

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
\$ - - - - 12,533	\$ 2,096,383 79,200 591,619 921,032 4,853 45,090
12,533	3,738,177
-	568,509 2,489,327
- -	359,491
-	277,469
	314,469
-0-	4,009,265
12,533	(271,088)
25,811	129,376
(91,607)	(129,376)
(65,796)	-0-
(53,263)	(271,088)
355,959	3,152,586
\$ 302,696	\$ 2,881,498

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(271,088)						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:								
Changes in equity interest in joint ventures are not reported in the governmental funds:								
Romeo, Washington, and Bruce Parks and Recreation Commission \$ (30,071) Washington and Bruce Townships Senior Transportation through Advanced Reservation Commission (S.T.A.R.) (17,422)								
		(47,493)						
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in th statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful live as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:								
Capital outlay325,617Depreciation(259,593)								
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense		66,024						
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are no reported as revenues in the funds. In the current period these amounts consist of:	ot							
Change in unavailable revenue		(17,407)						
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Thes activities consist of:								
Decrease in compensated absences 14,379 (Increase) in net other post-employment benefits obligation (448,147)								
		(433,768)						
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(703,732)						

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2015

	Sewer System Fund	Water System Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,210	\$ 128,272	\$ 148,482
Receivables			
Customers	84,201	367	84,568
Current portion of special assessments	24,184	27,445	51,629
Due from other governmental units	41,108	-	41,108
Due from other funds		30,164	30,164
Total current assets	169,703	186,248	355,951
Noncurrent assets			
Noncurrent portion of special assessments receivable	150,206	409,326	559,532
Capital assets not being depreciated	79,094	-	79,094
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,029,144	885,012	6,914,156
Total noncurrent assets	6,258,444	1,294,338	7,552,782
TOTAL ASSETS	6,428,147	1,480,586	7,908,733
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charges, net of amortization	280,476	-	280,476
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	64,042	404	64,446
Accrued wages	245	-	245
Due to other funds	605,420	102,308	707,728
Current portion of long-term debt	177,284	34,200	211,484
Current portion of long-term dept	177,204	34,200	211,404
Total current liabilities	846,991	136,912	983,903
Noncurrent liabilities			
Advances from other funds	77,869	_	77,869
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt		478,000	3,794,107
Noncarrent portion of long-term debt	3,316,107	470,000	3,794,107
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,393,976	478,000	3,871,976
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,240,967	614,912	4,855,879
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,614,847	372,812	2,987,659
Unrestricted	(147,191)	492,862	345,671
5.11 55416t6d	(177,101)	102,002	<u></u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,467,656	\$ 865,674	\$ 3,333,330

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

		Sewer stem Fund	Water tem Fund	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	387,137	\$ 30,408	\$	417,545
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of sewage disposal		256,651	-		256,651
Operation and maintenance		23,698	29,448		53,146
General and administrative		5,569	-		5,569
Depreciation and amortization		151,357	16,191		167,548
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		437,275	45,639		482,914
OPERATING (LOSS)		(50,138)	(15,231)		(65,369)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest revenue		11,955	29,273		41,228
Interest and fees expense		(98,103)	 (26,063)		(124,166)
		_	 _		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(19,554)	3,210		(16,344)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(69,692)	(12,021)		(81,713)
Net position, beginning of year		2,537,348	877,695		3,415,043
Net position, end of year	\$	2,467,656	\$ 865,674	\$	3,333,330

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Sewer	Water	
	System Fund	System Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to other governmental units Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 424,974 (31,953) (270,500) (5,561)	\$ 88,623 - (31,595) -	\$ 513,597 (31,953) (302,095) (5,561)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	116,960	57,028	173,988
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment (receipt) of interfund balances	(24,566)	456_	(24,110)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	42,028	456	42,484
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments on borrowings Purchase of capital assets Interest and fees paid	(135,000) (79,094) (98,103)	(30,000) - (26,063)	(165,000) (79,094) (124,166)
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(312,197)	(56,063)	(368,260)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	11,955	29,273	41,228
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(141,254)	30,694	(110,560)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	161,464	97,578	259,042
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 20,210	\$ 128,272	\$ 148,482

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

		Sewer		Water	
	Sys	stem Fund	Sys	tem Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to					
net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating (loss)	\$	(50, 138)	\$	(15,231)	\$ (65,369)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to					
net cash provided by operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization		151,357		16,191	167,548
(Increase) decrease in:					
Receivables		37,837		58,215	96,052
Due from other governmental units		(31,953)		-	(31,953)
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		9,849		14	9,863
Accrued wages		8		-	8
Accrued liabilities				(2,161)	 (2,161)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	116,960	\$	57,028	\$ 173,988

Fiduciary Funds

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

March 31, 2015

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,769
Due from others	558
Due from other governmental units	 38,276
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 181,603
LIABILITIES	
Accrued and other liabilities	\$ 3,969
Due to other governmental units	37,613
Deposits	 140,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 181,603

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Township of Bruce (the Township) was organized as a township under provisions of the constitution and general law of the State of Michigan. The Township is one of eleven (11) townships in Macomb County. The Township operates under an elected Township Board which consists of a Supervisor, Clerk, Treasurer, and two (2) Trustees and provides services to its residents in many areas including general government, highways and streets, fire protection, and sewer utility services.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to township governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Township's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the financial activities of the Township. The Township has no activities that would be classified as component units.

The inclusion of the activities of various agencies is based on the manifestation of oversight criteria, relying on such guidelines as the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to exert significant influence on operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters. The accountability for fiscal matters considers the possession of the budgetary authority, the responsibility for surplus or deficit, the controlling of fiscal management, and the revenue characteristics, whether a levy or a charge. Consideration is also given to the scope of public service. The scope of public service considers whether the activity is for the benefit of the reporting entity and/or its residents and is within the geographic boundaries of the reporting entity and generally available to its citizens.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Township contain all the funds controlled by the Township Board.

2. Joint Ventures

The Township is a member of the Romeo, Washington, Bruce Parks and Recreation Commission and the Washington and Bruce Townships Senior Transportation thru Advanced Reservation Commission (S.T.A.R.). The Township appoints one member to each joint venture's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. The Romeo, Washington, Bruce Parks and Recreation Commission is funded primarily from property taxes and operating grants. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The Township's equity interest of \$799,415 and \$353,823 in the Romeo, Washington, Bruce Parks and Recreation Commission and the Washington and Bruce Townships Senior Transportation thru Advanced Reservation Commission, respectively, is recorded within the governmental activities of the statement of net position. Complete financial statements for the joint ventures can be obtained from the respective administrative offices.

The Township is a member of Romeo District Library, which provides library services to the residents of the Village of Romeo, Washington Township, and Bruce Township. The Library is funded primarily from property taxes and user fees. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The Township appoints two members to the Romeo District Library board, which approves the library's annual budget. During the current year, no contribution was made to the Library by the Township. Complete financial statements for the Romeo District Library can be obtained from the administrative office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2. Joint Ventures - continued

The Township, in conjunction with the Village of Romeo and Washington Township, has entered into an agreement that created the Michigan Community Media (MiCM). MiCM provides Public, Education, and Government (PEG) services to the Village of Romeo, Washington Township, and Bruce Township and the residents thereof in conjunction with cable/video service providers. The Township's financial responsibility is to pass through 95% of the franchise fees received from its cable/video service providers. For the year ended March 31, 2015, the Township passed through \$83,255.

3. Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities (the government-wide financial statements) present information for the Township as a whole. All nonfiduciary activities of the Township are included (i.e., fiduciary fund activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements). For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the Township and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Township's individual major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

- a. The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Fire Fund is used to account for fire safety and protection services/activities within the Township. Funding is provided primarily through a local property tax levy.
- c. The Advanced Life Support Fund is used to account for emergency medical response service/activities within the Township. Funding is provided primarily through a local property tax levy and a user charge for ambulance services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Basis of Presentation - continued

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The Township reports the following major enterprise funds:

- a. The Sewer System Fund is used to account for the activities of the sewage and storm water collection system. Funding is primarily raised through user charges.
- b. The Water System Fund is used to account for the activities of the construction and establishment of a water utility system. Funding is primarily raised through user charges.

The Township also reports fiduciary funds to account for assets held by the Township as an agent for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency funds are by nature, custodial; therefore, operating results are not measured. The Township's fiduciary funds are the General Agency Fund and the Current Tax Collection Fund.

4. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

There is no measurement focus for the fiduciary agency funds since assets equal liabilities.

5. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is sixty (60) days. Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and unavailable revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments, certain intergovernmental revenues, and certain charges for services. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

The proprietary and agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned, and the expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

5. Basis of Accounting - continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis used to reflect results in the required supplementary information. The Township employs the following budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Prior to March 1, the Township Supervisor submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1 to the Township Board. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to March 31, the budget is adopted through passage of a Board resolution. After the budget is adopted all transfers of budgeted amounts between activities or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the fund or activity must be approved by the Township Board.
- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control devise during the year.
- e. The Township does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Appropriations unused at March 31 are not carried forward to the following fiscal year.
- f. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking, savings, and investment trust fund accounts. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

8. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from various individuals and businesses related to charges for services, amounts owed to the Township from special assessment, and taxes levied that have not been collected.

9. Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governmental units consist of amounts due from the State of Michigan and other governments for various payments and grants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

10. Prepaids

Prepaid expenditures in the governmental funds and prepaid expenses in the government-wide financial statements, such as insurance premiums, which are expected to be written off within the next fiscal year, are included in net current assets. Reported prepaid expenditures are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

11. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental and business-type activities columns. Capital assets are those with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Sewer system	30 - 60 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Fire vehicles and equipment	5 - 12 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 7 years
Election equipment	5 years

12. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will, when applicable, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will, when applicable, report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Township has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments and a long-term receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

13. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the Township personnel policies and/or contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the Township, individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the respective personnel policies and/or contracts.

Vested vacation and sick leave earned as of March 31, 2015, including related payroll taxes, is recorded entirely in the government-wide financial statements.

14. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as noncurrent.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

15. Property Tax

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and the tax levy for other governmental units. The Township's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are as follows:

Property taxes are levied on December 1. The tax levy is due February 28. All taxes not paid by their due date are deemed delinquent. Delinquent real and personal property taxes are turned over to the Macomb County Treasurer on March 1 of the year following the levy. The Macomb County Treasurer remits payment to all taxing units on all delinquent real property taxes. Personal property payments are remitted to the Township when the County collects the delinquent property taxes still outstanding after March 1.

The Township is permitted to levy up to \$1 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation for general governmental service and additional amounts for special and debt services. For the year ended March 31, 2015, the Township levied 0.7914 mills for general governmental services, 2.2400 mills for fire services, and 3.2900 mills for advanced life support services. The total taxable value for the 2014 levy for the property within the Township was \$416,551,449.

16. Restricted Net Position

Restrictions of net position shown in the government-wide financial statements indicate restrictions that have been imposed by outside sources which preclude a portion of net position from their use for unrestricted purposes.

17. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in all funds in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Township is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of this State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being section 21.145 and 21.146 of Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Deposits

There is a custodial credit risk as it related to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$2,374,658 and the bank balance was \$2,429,711.

Deposits of the Township are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Township. As of March 31, 2015, the Township's accounts were federally insured for \$751,729 and the amount of \$1,677,982 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The following summarizes the categorizations of these amounts as of March 31, 2015:

	Primary		Fiduciary			Reporting
	Government			Funds		Entity
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,232,639	\$	142,769	\$	2,375,408

The cash and cash equivalents caption on the financial statements include \$750 in petty cash.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of the uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

Interest rate risk

The Township will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by designating its investment portfolio with the objective of obtaining a rate of return through the economic cycles considering risk constraints and cash flow characteristics.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Concentration of credit risk

The Township will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio by security type to ensure that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio.

NOTE C: LONG-TERM RECEIVABLE

On March 20, 2013, the Township entered into a five (5) year agreement with Ingleside Farms ending on December 31, 2017, for the use of approximately 144 acres of crop land. Ingleside Farms has agreed to pay the Township \$5,500 per year on or before April 1 of each year. The amounts attributable to this long-term receivable have been recorded at the fund level as long-term receivable and unavailable revenue. The following is a summary of future annual payments at March 31, 2015:

Year Ended	
March 31,	
2016	\$ 5,500
2017	5,500
2018	5,500
	\$ 16,500

NOTE D: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amount of interfund receivables and payables at March 31, 2015, are as follows:

Due to General Fund from: Sewer System Fund Water System Fund	\$ 370,256 102,308
Nonmajor governmental funds	26,565
	\$ 499,129
Due to Fire Fund from: General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1 28,868
	\$ 28,869
Due to Advanced Life Support Fund from: General Fund Fire Fund	\$ 1 2,407
	\$ 2,408

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE D: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES - CONTINUED

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Due to nonmajor governmental funds from:

Sewer System Fund \$ 205,000

Due to Water System Fund from:

Sewer System Fund \$ 30,164

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion of the benefit belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not yet cleared as of the balance sheet date.

NOTE E: ADVANCES RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

The following schedule details advances receivable and payable between funds of the primary government at March 31, 2015:

Advances from General Fund to:
Sewer System Fund \$ 77,869

Advances from the General Fund to the Sewer System Fund were to cover debt payments related to the 2004 Capital Improvement Bonds and the 2007 Special Assessment Bonds.

NOTE F: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Transfers are used to move unrestricted General Fund revenues to fund operating costs and future capital projects that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

I ranster to Fire Fund from:	
General Fund	\$ 640
Advanced Life Support	11,318
	\$ 11,958
Transfer to Advanced Life Support Fund from:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 91,607
Transfer to nonmajor governmental funds from:	
General Fund	\$ 25,811

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE G: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2015, was as follows:

Governmental activities

	Balance Apr. 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance Mar. 31, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 680,770	\$ - 94,193	\$ - -	\$ 680,770 94,193
Subtotal	680,770	94,193	-0-	774,963
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	3,838,533	11,750	-	3,850,283
Fire vehicles and equipment	2,862,368	194,066	(9,025)	3,047,409
Machinery and equipment	201,468	19,095	-	220,563
Vehicles	-	6,513	-	6,513
Election equipment	59,968	· -	-	59,968
Subtotal	6,962,337	231,424	(9,025)	7,184,736
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,331,640)	(100,139)	-	(2,431,779)
Fire vehicles and equipment	(2,280,640)	(148,292)	9,025	(2,419,907)
Machinery and equipment	(160,535)	(7,359)	-	(167,894)
Vehicles	-	(1,086)	-	(1,086)
Election equipment	(52,459)	(2,717)		(55,176)
Subtotal	(4,825,274)	(259,593)	9,025	(5,075,842)
Net capital assets being depreciated	2,137,063	(28,169)	-0-	2,108,894
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,817,833	\$ 66,024	\$ -0-	\$ 2,883,857

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental activities:

General government	\$ 111,301
Public safety	 148,292
	\$ 259,593

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE G: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-type activities

	Balance Apr. 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance Mar. 31, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress - sewer system	\$ -	\$ 79,094	\$ -	\$ 79,094
Capital assets being depreciated Sewer system Water system	8,332,733 923,491	<u>-</u>		8,332,733 923,491
Subtotal	9,256,224	-0-	-0-	9,256,224
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer system Water system	(2,164,710) (23,088)	(138,879) (15,391)	<u>-</u>	(2,303,589) (38,479)
Subtotal	(2,187,798)	(154,270)	-0-	(2,342,068)
Net capital assets being depreciated	7,068,426	(154,270)	-0-	6,914,156
Capital assets, net	\$ 7,068,426	\$ (75,176)	\$ -0-	\$ 6,993,250

Depreciation expense was charged to the following business-type activities:

Sewer system	\$ 138,879
Water system	 15,391
	\$ 154,270

NOTE H: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Township for the year ended March 31, 2015:

	Balance Apr. 1, 2014		Additions	Deletions	Balance Mar. 31, 2015		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities								
Compensated absences	\$ 196,611	\$	116,213	\$ (130,592)	\$	182,232	\$	121,041
Business-type activities								
2004 Capital Improvement Bonds	100,000		_	(100,000)		-0-		-
2007 Special Assessment Bonds	300,000		-	(35,000)		265,000		35,000
2010 Special Assessment Bonds	555,000		_	(30,000)		525,000		35,000
Discount	(13,600)	_	800		(12,800)		(800)
2012 Refunding Bonds	3,185,000		_	-	;	3,185,000		140,000
Premium	45,675	- —		(2,284)		43,391	_	2,284
	4,172,075		-0-	(166,484)		4,005,591	_	211,484
TOTAL	\$ 4,368,686	\$	116,213	\$ (297,076)	\$ 4	4,187,823	\$	332,525

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE H: LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term debt (including current portion) are presented below:

Governmental Activities

Compensated Absences

In accordance with the Township personnel policies and/or contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the Township, individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the respective personnel policies and/or contracts. The dollar amount of these vested rights, including related payroll taxes, amounted to \$182,232 for vacation and sick at March 31, 2015. The amounts of \$121,041 and \$61,191 have been reported as current and noncurrent liabilities, respectively. These liabilities are expected to be liquidated by the General, Fire, and Advance Life Support Funds, as applicable.

Business-type Activities

General Obligation Bonds

\$3,185,000 2012 Refunding Bonds, dated November 30, 2012, due in annual installments ranging from \$135,000 to \$195,000 through October 1, 2033, with interest ranging from 1.50 to 3.00 percent, payable semi-annually.

\$ 3,185,000

Special Assessment Bonds

\$520,000 2007 Special Assessment Bonds, dated August 1, 2007, due in annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$50,000 through April 1, 2022, with interest ranging from 4.25 to 4.50 percent, payable semi-annually.

\$ 265,000

\$640,000 2010 Special Assessment Bonds, dated November 3, 2010, due in annual installments of \$35,000 through April 1, 2030, with interest ranging from 3.75 to 5.20 percent, payable semi-annually.

525,000

790,000

Advanced Refunding - Prior

On November 30, 2012, the Township defeased a portion of the 2004 General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds, which are due and payable October 1, 2015 through October 1, 2033. This was accomplished by establishing an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent composed of cash and U.S. government securities sufficient to meet the applicable principal and interest obligations. The Township issued 2012 Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$3,185,000. Accordingly, the trust account's assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Township's financial statements. At March 31, 2015, bonds due and payable October 1, 2015 through October 1, 2033, for the 2004 General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$2,875,000 are considered defeased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE H: LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		General Obli	gation	Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds						
March 31,		Principal		Interest	F	Principal	Interest				
2016	\$	140,000	\$	82,338	\$	70.000	\$	35,945			
2017	Ψ	135,000	Ψ	79,538	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	33,144			
2018		135,000		76,838		70,000		30,309			
2019		160,000		74,813		70,000		27,430			
2020		155,000		71,613		70,000		24,490			
2021-2025		820,000		306,613		265,000		74,550			
2026-2030		895,000		191,238		175,000		22,750			
2031-2034		745,000		56,250		-		-			
	\$	3,185,000	\$	939,241	\$	790,000	\$	248,618			

NOTE I: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A significant portion of the Township's revenues are raised through tax levies. The Township's largest taxpayer is Ford Motor Company (the Company). The Company is an individually significant taxpayer to the Township as it represents approximately 13 percent of the total taxes levied for the year ended March 31, 2015.

NOTE J: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan for auto, property, general, wrongful acts, electronic data processing (EDP), crime, inland marine, law enforcement, employee benefits, public officials, and casualty losses. Settled claims have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three (3) fiscal years.

The Township carries commercial insurance for the risk of loss due to workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance do not exceed the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three (3) fiscal years.

NOTE K: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN

The Township of Bruce Group Pension Plan is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by the Principal Financial group and available to all of the Township's full-time employees and part-time firefighters. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by the Township's board, the Township contributes 16 percent of full-time employees' and 10 percent or 5 percent of part-time employees' base earnings depending on job position. In accordance with these requirements, the Township contributed \$227,357 and the employees contributed \$75,676 during the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE L: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Township of Bruce Post-employment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Township. The Township provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with personnel policies. The Township purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. 100% of all premiums and other costs associated with the Plan are covered by the Township. The Township records the cost of providing these benefits as expenses when paid. The following are the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB Statement No. 45) required disclosures and these disclosures have been implemented prospectively by the Township.

The following are the required disclosures that have been implemented by the Township.

Membership in the plan at March 31, 2015, is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	7
Active plan members	16
	23

The plan does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements.

Funding Policy

The Township's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer* (ARC). The Township has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The Township has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the premiums are due for payment (i.e., may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis). The only current contributions being made are to pay the actual current premiums of the retirees. That amount was less than the annual required contribution and is reflected in the schedule that follows. Administrative costs of the plan are paid for by the Township.

Funding Progress

For the year ended March 31, 2015, the Township has determined an estimated cost of providing postemployment benefits through the alternative measurement method of calculation as of March 31, 2012. The calculation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to cover the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liabilities from the past, over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE L: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

The Township's computed contribution and actual funding is summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 578,158
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	141,355
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (141,355)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	578,158
Amounts contributed: Payments of current premiums (gross of employee reimbursement)	 (130,011)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	448,147
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 3,533,881
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,982,028

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation, were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,								
		2013		2014	2015				
Annual ODED aget	•	E0E 6E6	·	E00 000	¢.	E70 1E0			
Annual OPEB cost Percentage contributed	Ф	585,656 13.7%	\$	582,829 14.5%	\$	578,158 22.5%			
Net OPEB obligation	\$	3,035,715	\$	3,533,881	\$	3,982,028			

The funding progress of the plan is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,								
	2009 2012								
Actuarial value of assets	\$	-	\$	-					
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)		6,901,466		5,599,503					
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)		6,901,466		5,599,503					
Funded ratio		0.0%		0.0%					
Annual covered payroll Ratio of UAAL to covered payroll	\$	1,214,152 568.4%	\$	1,317,402 425.0%					

This trend information was obtained from the most recently issued valuation reports.

Valuation Methods and Assumptions

Valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of certain events far into the future. Examples include assumption about future employment, mortality, healthcare costs trends, inflation, etc. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the Township are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates and assumptions are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities or benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE L: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Township and plan members to that point. The valuation methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in estimated accrued liabilities and the estimated value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE M: DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The following are the five classifications of fund balance under this standard:

Nonspendable - assets that are not available in a spendable form such as inventory, prepaid expenditures, and long-term receivables not expected to be converted to cash in the near term. It also includes funds that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of a permanent fund or foundation.

Restricted - amounts that are required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws, regulations or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts constrained on use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (i.e., Board, Council, etc.).

Assigned - amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. This is determined by the governing body, the budget or finance committee or a delegated municipality official.

Unassigned - all other resources; the remaining fund balance after nonspendable, restrictions, commitments, and assignments. This class only occurs in the General Fund, except for cases of negative fund balances. Negative fund balances are always reported as unassigned, no matter which fund the deficit occurs in.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

For committed fund balance, the Township's highest level of decision-making authority is the Township Board. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution by the Township Board.

For assigned fund balance, the Township has not adopted a policy indicating who is to assign amounts to a specific purpose. As a result, this authority is retained by the Township Board.

The Township has not formally adopted a policy that defines the order of usage for fund balance amounts classified as restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. In the absence of such a policy, the Township considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also for the classification of fund balances, the Township considers committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE M: DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - CONTINUED

	_	eneral Fund	Fire Fund	Advance e Support Fund	lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Prepaids	\$	6,948	\$ 9,020	\$ 5,571	\$ -	\$	21,539
Advances		77,869	-	-	-		77,869
Restricted							
Public safety		-	832,035	715,880	-	•	1,547,915
Capital projects		-	-	-	207,686		207,686
Committed							
Capital projects		-	-	-	123,399		123,399
Assigned							
Post-employment healthcare		150,000	-	-	-		150,000
Cable expenditures		72,236	-	-	-		72,236
Unassigned		709,243	-	-	(28,389)		680,854
	\$ 1,	016,296	\$ 841,055	\$ 721,451	\$ 426,095	\$ 3	3,004,897

NOTE N: FUND EQUITY DEFICITS

The Special Assessment District Fund had a deficit balance at March 31, 2015, of \$28,389. The Special Assessment District Fund deficit fund balance was a planned deficit as eligible expenditures were incurred in advance of special assessment revenues. The Township plans to eliminate this deficit through future special assessment collections.

The Sewer System Fund had a deficit unrestricted net position at March 31, 2015, of \$147,191.

NOTE O: UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Township is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the Township's 2015-2016 fiscal year.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The statement follows the framework for financial reporting of defined benefit OPEB plans in Statement No. 45 by requiring a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated, including information about the annual money weighted rates of return on plan investments. The Township is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the Township's 2016-2017 fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2015

NOTE O: UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statement requires governments providing other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to recognize their unfunded OPEB obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensibly and comparably measure the annual costs of OPEB benefits. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The Township is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the Township's 2017-2018 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BASIS)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 464,821 61,500	\$ 477,821 77,300	\$ 484,348 79,200	\$ 6,527 1,900
Intergovernmental State shared revenue Other Charges for services Interest	520,000 6,000 19,900 1,671	520,000 84,660 19,900 1,671	535,452 56,167 14,877 1,838	15,452 (28,493) (5,023) 167
Other Special assessments Miscellaneous	1,644 8,500	1,644 30,900	1,644 27,717	-0- (3,183)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,084,036	1,213,896	1,201,243	(12,653)
EXPENDITURES Current Conoral government				
General government Township board	25,012	25,012	23,184	1,828
Supervisor	47,160	47,160	47,160	-0-
Elections	22,000	21,250	19,879	1,371
Assessor	107,130	110,130	110,075	55
Legal fees	12,000	16,500	15,807	693
Clerk	90,840	90,840	92,570	(1,730)
General office	57,304	65,304	64,615	689
Accounting and audit	52,117	52,117	50,694	1,423
Board of Review	2,800	2,800	, -	2,800
Tax roll preparation	5,400	4,400	3,942	458
Treasurer	59,660	59,660	59,257	403
Cemeteries	13,800	17,800	17,351	449
Building and grounds	64,300	62,700	63,975	(1,275)
Total general government	559,523	575,673	568,509	7,164
Public works				
Zoning board of appeals	2,100	1,100	663	437
Inspections	101,952	107,452	107,188	264
Street lighting	8,500	10,500	10,327	173
Drains	7,600	86,260	83,149	3,111
Engineering	2,500	2,500	950	1,550
Planning	18,300	20,300	19,074	1,226
Road chloride and paving	31,850	59,350	54,885	4,465
Ordinance enforcement	2,000			-0-
Total public works	174,802	287,462	276,236	11,226

General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BASIS) - CONTINUED

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Current - continued Other								
Insurance and other	\$	161,000	\$	173,300	\$	168,926	\$	4,374
Pension plan		58,200		66,300		66,503		(203)
Employer payroll taxes		34,850		42,800		42,040		760
Total other		254,050		282,400		277,469		4,931
Capital outlay		69,850		42,550	_	26,210		16,340
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,058,225		1,188,085		1,148,424		39,661
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		25,811		25,811		52,819		27,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out		(25,811)		(25,811)		(26,451)		(640)
Net change in fund balance (prior to adjustments for GASB Statement No. 54)	\$	-0-	\$	-0-		26,368	\$	26,368
Net adjustments for GASB Statement	Net adjustments for GASB Statement No. 54							
Net change in fund balance, end of ye	Net change in fund balance, end of year							

Fire Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual		egative)
REVENUES						-	
Taxes	\$	623,868	\$	625,268	\$ 655,466	\$	30,198
Charges for services		162,000		162,000	129,934		(32,066)
Interest Other		2,500		2,500	1,872		(628)
Special assessments		10,000		10,000	_		(10,000)
Miscellaneous		1,000		3,000	3,023		23
		.,		0,000	 0,020		
TOTAL REVENUES		799,368		802,768	790,295		(12,473)
EXPENDITURES Current		704.000		770 500	704 504		74.070
Public safety		734,800		773,500	701,524		71,976 977
Capital outlay		64,568		120,268	 119,291		977
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		799,368		893,768	 820,815		72,953
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-0-		(91,000)	(30,520)		60,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in				91,000	 11,958		(79,042)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-0-		-0-	(18,562)		(18,562)
Fund balance, beginning of year		859,617		859,617	859,617		-0-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	859,617	\$	859,617	\$ 841,055	\$	(18,562)

Advanced Life Support Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES	•	007.050	•	007.050			•	00.040
Taxes Charges for services	\$	927,659 283,000	\$	927,659 773,500	\$	956,569 686,179	\$	28,910 (87,321)
Interest		1,600		2,100		1,138		(962)
Other		1,000		2,100		1,100		(302)
Special assessments		1,500		3,000		-		(3,000)
Miscellaneous						173		173
TOTAL REVENUES		1,213,759		1,706,259		1,644,059		(62,200)
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public safety		1,204,900		1,791,100		1,787,803		3,297
Capital outlay		8,859		169,459		168,968		491
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,213,759		1,960,559		1,956,771		3,788
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-0-		(254,300)		(312,712)		(58,412)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		- -		254,300 -		91,607 (11,318)		(162,693) (11,318)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-0-		254,300		80,289		(174,011)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-0-		-0-		(232,423)		(232,423)
Fund balance, beginning of year		953,874		953,874		953,874		-0-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	953,874	\$	953,874	\$	721,451	\$	(232,423)

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Year Ended March 31, 2015

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date March 31,	Actuaria Value of Asse (a)		Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued bility (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
2009	\$	-	\$ 6,901,466	\$ 6,901,466	0%	\$ 1,214,152	568%
2012		-	5,599,503	5,599,503	0%	1,317,402	425%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

			Annual	of Annual		Net		
	Year Ended		OPEB	OPEB Cost		OPEB		
	March 31,		Cost	Contributed	Obligation			
	_							
	2013	\$	585,656	14%	\$	3,035,715		
	2014		582,829	15%		3,533,881		
	2015		578,158	23%		3,982,028		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended March 31, 2015

NOTE A: BUDGET/GAAP RECONCILIATION

The Township budgets the activities of the Cable Franchise Fund separately from the General Fund. For financial reporting purposes and the GAAP-basis basic financial statements, however, the activity of the Cable Franchise Fund is combined with the General Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The budgetary perspective difference shown on the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP basis) reconciles the change in fund balance to the GAAP basis basic financial statements and the details related to these amounts are as follows:

Net change in fund balance (budgetary basis)	\$ 26,368
To adjust charges for services pertaining to Cable Franchise Fund	90,042
To adjust interest revenue pertaining to Cable Franchise Fund	5
To adjust public works expenditures pertaining to Cable Franchise Fund	 (83,255)
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$ 33,160

NOTE B: EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, Sections 18 and 19, as amended, provides that a local governmental unit not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. In the budgetary comparison schedules shown as required supplementary information to the basic financial statements, the Township's budgeted expenditures have been shown at the functional classification level. The approved budgets of the Township have been adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds.

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Township incurred expenditures in the General Fund and Advanced Life Support Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	 mounts propriated	Amounts Expended		V	ariance
General Fund					
General government					
Clerk	\$ 90,840	\$	92,570	\$	1,730
Building and grounds	62,700		63,975		1,275
Other					
Pension plan	66,300		66,503		203
Transfers out	25,811		26,451		640
Advance Life Support Fund					
Transfers out	-		11,318		11,318



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2015

Special

	Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Funds					
	Romeo		Special			Special		
	Service		Improvement		Assessment			
	С	ontract	Revolving		District		Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	152,650	\$	-	\$	152,650
Special assessment receivable		_		-		34,005		34,005
Due from other funds		-		205,000		-		205,000
								·
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-0-	\$	357,650	\$	34,005	\$	391,655
LIADULTICO								
LIABILITIES	ф		Φ	20 505	Φ	20,000	Φ	FF 400
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	26,565	\$	28,868	\$	55,433
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue		_		_		33,526		33,526
Chavanasie revenue						00,020		00,020
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		_		207,686		-		207,686
Assigned		-		123,399		-		123,399
Unassigned		-		-		(28,389)		(28,389)
Ç						, , ,		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-0-		331,085		(28,389)		302,696
TOTAL								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	Φ.	0	Φ	057.050	Φ.	04.005	Φ	004.055
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	-0-	\$	357,650	\$	34,005	_\$_	391,655

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special Revenue Fund Romeo Service Contract		Capital Proj provement Revolving	As	Funds Special sessment District	Total
REVENUES Other						
Special assessments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,533	\$ 12,533
EXPENDITURES Current Public works		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	-0-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-0-	-0-		12,533	12,533
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		- (91,607)	 25,811 <u>-</u>		- -	25,811 (91,607)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(91,607)	25,811		-0-	(65,796)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(91,607)	25,811		12,533	(53,263)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		91,607	 305,274		(40,922)	 355,959
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	-0-	\$ 331,085	\$	(28,389)	\$ 302,696

Fiduciary Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

March 31, 2015

	General Agency		Current Tax Collection		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,769	\$	-	\$	142,769
Due from others		558		-		558
Due from other governmental units		842		37,434		38,276
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	144,169	\$	37,434	\$	181,603
LIABILITIES						
Accrued and other liabilities	\$	3,969	\$	-	\$	3,969
Due to other governmental units		179		37,434		37,613
Deposits		140,021				140,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	144,169	\$	37,434	\$	181,603

Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Trustees Township of Bruce Macomb County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Bruce (the Township) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect, and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a significant deficiency:

LOANS TO EMPLOYEES WITHOUT BOARD APPROVAL

During our audit procedures we noted that the Township had provided an education loan to an employee without obtaining Board approval or a written contract. An employee of the Township is attending an EMS academy initially funded by the Township. While the Township is withholding funds from each paycheck for repayment of the loan, there is risk that the employee may terminate employment without repaying the remaining balance. Subsequent to the fiscal year end, an agreement was signed by the employee for the repayment of the outstanding balance of the loan.

LOANS TO EMPLOYEES WITHOUT BOARD APPROVAL - CONTINUED

We recommend that the Township take steps to ensure that loans are provided to employees through the establishment of a Board policy that details specific purposes for such loans (i.e., education, training). If the Board chooses not to adopt such as policy, employee education or training loans should be approved by the Board on a case-by-case basis and documented in the minutes of the meetings.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed the following instances of noncompliance and other matters:

FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

At the end of the fiscal year, the Special Assessment District Fund reported a fund balance deficit and the Sewer System Fund reported a deficit net position. Michigan Public Act 140 of 1971 provides that a Township ending its fiscal year with funds in a deficit condition shall formulate a deficit elimination plan. The Township submitted an original deficit elimination plan for the Special Assessment District Fund to the Michigan Department of Treasury subsequent to the end of the 2013 fiscal year. The Township will also need to submit a deficit elimination plan for the Sewer System Fund to the Michigan Department of Treasury. The Township will be required to update the plans on an annual basis.

We recommend the Township update the Special Assessment District Fund's deficit elimination plan and develop a written deficit elimination plan for the Sewer System Fund for submission to the Michigan Department of Treasury. We also recommend the Township utilize budgetary controls to limit expenditures and/or transfer funds as needed to alleviate deficits.

ENTERPRISE FUND ACTIVITIES

Enterprise funds operate in many ways like private-sector businesses. Enterprise fund accounting is designed to highlight the extent to which fees and charges are sufficient to cover the cost of providing goods and services.

During our analysis of the results of operations of the enterprise funds, it was noted that the Sewer System Fund and Water System Fund had an operating loss this year. This Sewer System Fund also had an operating loss in each of the previous six fiscal years. A similar issue was noted and reported in the prior year audit comments.

We recommend the Township refer to the recently completed rate study to determine whether the Township will be able to sustain operations with the current rates being charged to the System's customers.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees of the Township of Bruce, others within the Township, and the applicable departments of the State of Michigan and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

abuham : Haffny, P.C.

August 20, 2015